

ECHOES FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE HALLS

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Edmonton, Feb. 18th.—The close of the second week of the Alberta legislature saw the debate on the speech from the throne still continuing. Opposition to the expressed wishes of the premier that the debate be shortened came not only from his own back benches but strongly from the Liberal group. Any attempt to forestall criticism of the administration was thus frustrated.

The debate has covered a tremendous lot of ground. But so far there has been no real attempt to answer charges levelled at the government by the Liberals and Conservatives.

There have been blanket denials and the brushing aside of criticism as being so much political ballyhoo, but to charges of financial incompetence and extravagance little has been said.

From the U. F. A. benches there has come speech after speech outlining the serious situation of the farmers, each member giving the woes of his own particular constituency.

So far some 34 speakers have contributed to the debate which is believed to be a record for a great number of years, although it shows clearly that back benches are keeping a closer watch on the doings of the government than they have hitherto done.

Around the lobbies there is considerable talk of disaffection among government followers. Exactly what is the cause of the trouble is not clear, but there are those who intimate that it is much more serious than appears on the surface.

Another thing that is evident is that the Liberal party is becoming stronger day by day and it is said by political observers that they are preparing well ahead for an election whenever it may come. In short, when next the government faces the electors it will do so with Liberals already strongly entrenched in the field.

One of the outstanding speeches of the week came from H. J. Montgomery (Liberal, Wetaskiwin). Mr. Montgomery pledged the support of the Liberals to every measure the government introduced provided it would help to restore Alberta to its former envied position in the financial world. He agreed with Donald Cameron, U. F. A., that the government of Alberta no longer governed.

Mr. Montgomery claimed that the present administration had got the province into the humiliating position where it had to be dictated to by the financial interests as well as by the federal government. He believed that the lowering of tariffs throughout the world would be the best help that Canada could get. Concerning the government's intention to impose more taxation, Mr. Montgomery intimated that the Liberals were from Missouri—they would have to be shown that they were necessary.

He claimed that the Debt Adjustment Act was costing \$80,000 yearly to administer, whereas it should be self supporting.

He urged a judicial inquiry in the canteen fund situation and attacked the proposed increase in motor truck licenses.

Turning to the rural telephone situation Mr. Montgomery unloaded a broadside of criticism declaring that telephones were being taken out at such a rate that the province would soon be receiving no revenue whatever from them. He declared that the system was being ruined by the present administration and said that requests were pouring in from all parts of the province for reduced rates and urged that these be lowered to \$1.75 a month.

Hon. V. W. Smith, minister of railways and telephones, replied to Mr. Montgomery. He contended that rural phones were operated at a loss too heavy to be offset by more profitable operation of exchange and toll service. He admitted that there were many applications for reduced rates, but said the argument that you could operate 10 stations on a rural line as cheaply as one was unsound. He claimed that any attempt to lower rates would merely add to present losses.

J. J. Bowen, Liberal, Calgary, attacked the uneconomical administration of the government. He charged that since they came into power they

(Continued on Centre Page.)

NEWS AND VIEWS
FROM CRESCENT HILL

U. F. A. MEETING

A meeting of the Crescent Hill U. F. A. Local was held in the school house on Monday evening, last. A good number were present and two new members enrolled. It was decided to hold a Director's meeting at the home of Mr. Martin Enger on Wednesday evening of this week to map out a program for the next meeting.

It was also decided to hold the meetings on the first Monday of each month. At the close lunch was served by the ladies and a social half hour was spent. All who feel an interest in this very important work are cordially invited to keep in mind the date of meetings and come and help along a good cause.

MASQUERADE DANCE

The masquerade dance at the Crescent Hill school last Friday was a huge success. The crowd was the biggest yet for that school and the costumes were so many and so well got up that the judges had a big job on their hands to pick the winners. However the following were the lucky ones: Miss Westbrook of Fabry dressed as Martha Washington, took the ladies prize for the best dressed, while Mrs. Martin Enger, in the roll of "Looking for a Husband", carried off the comic. Mr. A. Lewis in the costume of an Indian chief came in for the men's best dressed, and Mr. Moorehouse took men's comic in the guise of a Hobo. A delightful lunch was served at midnight and dancing continued into the morning hours.

WHIST DRIVE AND DANCE

The Crescent Hill U. F. A. Local is holding a Whist Drive and Dance in the school on Wednesday evening, March 2nd. The committee in charge plan to get real good prizes and a very enjoyable time is in store for all. Admission for each person is 25c. Ladies please bring lunch.

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given under section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that the following:

One Grey Mare, 2 years old, no brand, sold to W. D. Ramsay, Irma.

One Brown Yearling Mare, no brand, sold to W. D. Ramsay, Irma.

One Grey Mare, no brand, sold to August Wienrich, Irma.

One Sorrel Mare, white face, branded KO with bar above on right hip, sold to F. Prosser, Irma.

One Brown mare and Colt, no brand, sold to Gordon Ambler, Irma.

One Brown and one Sorrel Yearling Mares, neither branded. Sold to L. H. Bars, Irma.

—were impounded in the pound kept by J. W. Matthews, located on the N. W. 36-47-9-4th on January 25th, 1932, and that the said animals were sold on February 6th, 1932, to as above, and that said animals may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the Municipality and the purchasers of said animals.

For information apply to the undersigned.

Roy W. Hay, Sec.-Treas. of Municipal District of Buffalo Coulee No. 463.

Irma, Alberta, February 8th, 1932.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

No matter how well organized a newspaper is, it is impossible for its reporters to gather all the local items of interest—some of your acquaintance has taken a trip or returned from one; you have friends or relatives visiting you; a former citizen has returned on a visit—all of these small incidents, and many more, are of interest to our readers.

As we wish to make this paper a more live, local newspaper, we would greatly appreciate receiving local items from our readers. By informing us of local news, you are doing us an appreciated service, as well as a service to our readers.

NEWS ITEMS FROM
KINSELLA DISTRICT

One of the most delightful of Valentine parties was that arranged by Mrs. E. M. McNary, teacher of the Lake Vernon school on Friday afternoon. The room was gay with Valentine decorations. The program was led by Miss Pearl Overbo, program manager for the newly organized Junior Red Cross of this school, under whose auspices the party was held, and consisted of health verses, songs, etc., as follows:

Health verses, Alice Overbo, Edwin Overbo, Edward Harding, Dorothy McNary and Diamond Overbo. Health songs by, Hedron Johansen, Phyllis Austin, Alice Overbo, Norman Overbo and Ruby Smith. Pearl Overbo read a health story. Norma Overbo gave a number of selections on the accordion. Mrs. E. McNary tickled the ivories. A huge box filled with beautiful valentine were distributed by Walter McNary and Helen Overbo.

A number of valentines made by the children were sent to the Red Cross hospital at Calgary.

A closing recitation was given by Ruby Overbo, after which the children were given a real glad surprise when Mr. McNary entered the school with several plates of home made taffy, made by himself and most delicious.

The newly organized branch of the Lake Vernon school Junior Red Cross has now a membership of twelve with several more likely to join in the near future. Much credit is due Mrs. E. M. McNary, teacher of the school for her efforts in organizing the branch.

Plans are now under way for a Red Cross dance to be given in the school hall, date of which will be announced later.

A meeting of the Councillors and ratepayers of the municipal district of Kinsella No. 424 was held in the Kinsella hotel on Sunday, February 20th, with all councillors present, as well as a large representation of ratepayers.

Chief among discussion in order for the afternoon was a talk delivered by Jack Allen favoring the closing up of the very dangerous railroad crossing just along the east side of the Kinsella depot. Mr. Allen said that an official of the Company had been looking over the advisability of closing this crossing and that a much safer crossing could be constructed further east.

The writer had the occasion to discuss the above mentioned crossing with Mr. Lenney, assistant general superintendent of Western lines, who stopped off at Kinsella not so long ago. After looking things over Mr. Lenney was of the opinion that it was one of the most dangerous crossings anywhere along the line. He also said that the C. N. Railway was not responsible for the crossing being there, that it had been put there at the wish of the people here years ago, and that the present crossing would not have been there if it were not the people's wish at the time.

A resolution was then put to the Council to have the crossing closed and a new one opened further east. It is hoped that steps will be taken to have this done, as already fatalities have occurred and many very close escapes.

Councillor K. C. Carter was re-elected by acclamation, also Councilor Bradley, Councillor Murray will be opposed by Frank Williams and the ballots next Saturday will tell the tale.

Peter Larson and John Zelinski entered into an argument on Saturday afternoon which ended up into a heated controversy, resulting in a tangle in which it is alleged that Peter received a black eye. Pete says this does not finish it and as a consequence phoned the A. P. P. who will no doubt deal with the natives.

WEATHER AND CROP

CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA

Russia is experiencing an unusually mild winter and Soviet officials are somewhat alarmed over the possibility of damage to winter crops. Instead of the usual heavy blanket of snow much of the country was bare during January due to thaws and rain. The prospect of damage to crops was increased in some districts because of the formation of an ice covering over the land.

Women's Institute
Column

The next meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Thursday, March 3rd at the home of Mrs. Albert Knudson at 2:30 o'clock P.M.

Don't forget the Masquerade Dance in Kiefer's Hall on Friday, March 4th. Good prizes given for Best Dressed Lady and Gent, and best comic lady and gent. Good music. Admission: Gents 50c. Lunch will be served free.

OLD TIME FIDDLERS DANCE

The W. A. are putting on something new in the way of an entertainment and dance which will be in the way of an old time fiddler's competition.

Rules are that each fiddler will play one waltz, one reel, and one schottische, and will play unaccompanied, being strictly old-time music.

Each contestant is asked to give his name to Mrs. W. Cole. No fees are attached to this and a real good prize will be given the night of the performance.

Will all entrants help out with the dance music. So all start practicing now for April 15th. Lunch will be provided. Admission 35c for each person.

ALMA MATER MERRYMAKERS

The whist drive and dance held in the Alma Mater school on February 12th was a real success. A very enjoyable evening was had by all who attended. The Merry-makers always see that they have a good time.

On Monday evening, the 15th, we entertained the Irma young people with a concert programme after which we had community singing. Then came a supper when everyone had a good fill.

The next item was as usual a dance to finish off with, and of course that went on until the small hours of the morning.

In the Estate of ROBERT JOHN TATE, late of the Village of Irma in the Province of Alberta, Secretary, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Robert John Tate who died on or about the 22nd day of January, A.D. 1932, are required to file with Clifton G. Purvis, Solicitor for the Executrix, by the 2nd day of April, A.D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims, and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Executrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her knowledge.

Dated this 15th day of February, A.D. 1932.

—Dora L. Tate, Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Robert John Tate, Deceased, by her Solicitor, Clifton G. Purvis, Barrister, Viking, Alberta.

NOTICE

In the Estate of EDWARD THOMAS McDOWELL, late of the Village of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, Machine Agent, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Edward Thomas McDowell who died on the 29th day of August, A.D. 1930, are required to file with Clifton G. Purvis, Barrister, Viking, Alberta, Solicitor for the Executrix, Mrs. Florence E. McDowell by the 19th day of March, A.D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Executrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her knowledge.

Dated this 3rd day of February, A.D. 1932.

—Florence E. McDowell, Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Edward Thomas McDowell, Deceased, by her Solicitor, Clifton G. Purvis, Viking, Alberta.

HANNA HERALD IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

Hanna, Alta., Feb. 22.—Fire late Saturday night destroyed the plant of the Hanna Herald and part of the Elks Hall with a loss of several thousand dollars. H. G. McCrea, owner and publisher of the Hanna Herald, said that the fire was unknown but it was thought to be an overheated stove.

Wedding Bells

NEW — DUNBAR

A quiet wedding took place at the United Church manse on Wednesday morning, February 24th, when the Rev. J. R. Geeson united in marriage Miss Joan Dunbar, daughter of Wm. Dunbar and Sidney Montague New.

The happy event was witnessed by Mrs. E. C. Whitley and Mr. G. E. Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. New are well and favorably known throughout the Irma district and their host of friends wish them a long and happy life together.

LIMIT TO WHEAT PRODUCTION IN WESTERN CANADA

Dr. D. A. MacGibbon, member of the Board of Grain Commissioners, recently stated in Toronto that he does not expect to see much increase in wheat production in Western Canada. At the same time he does not believe the average exportable surplus will fall below 200,000,000 bush, for many years to come. Dr. MacGibbon said it was folly to believe the West still contains vast tracts of virgin land which need only to be scratched to become rich wheat producing areas.

No Bonus to Hailed Out or Drought Areas

WHEAT BONUS SCHEME

OF \$1. ACRE IS LOST

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—Back and forth across the floor of the house of commons, renewed debate on the resolution for a minimum bonus of one dollar per acre to western farmers in drought areas on the 1931 crop and an acreage rather than a bushel bonus as a general plan for 1932 was waged Thursday afternoon.

The acreage plan for 1931 is suggested in the resolution of Robert McKenzie (Lib.) for the wheat growers in drought areas who may not have profited so well by the present five cent per bushel bonus.

Debate continued into a late hour last night, but after Hon. Robert Weir, minister of agriculture, had given the members an extensive survey of conditions in the western drought areas a call for "yeas" and "nays" followed, and the resolution was then declared lost on division.

A Saskatchewan Liberal—John Vallance of South Battleford—resumed the discussion on Thursday night. To the suggestion, he gave his unqualified benediction, but had one suggestion to add to the proposal and that was that the recipient of the bonus should not be limited to "grower" but also to the owner of farms who leased them out for crop agreements.

Urges Conference.—E. D. Garland (U.F.A., Bow River) urged upon the government "the calling of a federal conference of the mortgage companies, loan companies & banks in order to find out whether or not private financial interests in Canada are willing to carry their share of this load of depression." The greater part of the agricultural problem, the U.F.A. member claimed, was chiefly due to the "extraordinary decline in the prices of farm commodities as compared with those of manufactured and other products." The problem would not be solved by "mere miserable bonuses" but by a more definite plan.

Something should be done for those farmers who had gone to the expense and work of sowing a crop only to lose it all, H. E. Spencer (U.F.A., Battle River) stated. The serious condition in which wheat farmers, who had suffered through hail storms found themselves was stressed by Mr. Spencer.

"If we are to bonus one branch of agriculture," Victor Porteous (Cons., Grey North) declared, "then we should bonus other branches of agriculture as well as the wheat growers. If the government should contemplate any further bonussing it should be applied to all agriculture."

WHIST DRIVE

The Irma Rebekah Lodge No. 87 are holding a Whist Drive on Tuesday evening March 8th, at 8:30 in the lodge room. Everybody welcome. Admission 35c, lunch will be served.

CHOPPING DAYS.

Until further notice I will take in grain to grind any day throughout the week without appointment. You farmers that haven't yet tried the Hammer Mill would do so, this method of grinding is far ahead of the plate grinding. Let us show you. Now is the time to order your new seed drill. Why not get the best, a Massey-Harris.

V. HUTCHINSON, Agent, Irma, Alberta

WEEKLY REVIEW
PROV. MARKETS

BEEF—Choice heavy steers \$4.25 @ \$4.50; choice, light \$4.25 @ \$4.50; good \$4.25 @ \$4.50; medium \$2.75 @ \$4; and common \$2.50 @ \$3.50.

FEDDER'S STOCKERS—Feeder steers \$3.50 @ \$4; stock steers at \$3.25 @ \$4; stock heifers \$3.25 @ \$4; and stock cows from \$2.50 @ \$2.50.

HOGS—Edmonton prices slightly higher, with bacon \$3.85 @ \$4, fed and watered, select \$4.35 @ \$4.50; butchers from \$3.35 @ \$3.50.

SHEEP—Edmonton values steady, with yearlings \$3.50 @ \$4; ewes \$2.50 @ \$3.50; lambs \$4.75 @ \$5.25.

POULTRY—Prices remain unchanged this week. At Fowl No. 1, over 4 lbs., 7c; No. 1, under 4 lbs., 5c; No. 2, 4c. Stags, No. 1, over 4 lbs., 7c; No. 1 under 4 lbs., 5c; roosters, 5c. EGGS—Prices steady at Extras, 18c; firsts, 16c; seconds, 12c.

CORONA HOTEL IN EDMONTON BURNS

Victim of one of the hottest fires in the history of Edmonton Sunday night, the Corona hotel, Jasper Avenue landmark since its erection in 1908 is a heap of smouldering ruins after one of the most spectacular blazes the Edmonton fire department has been called upon to battle since its formation.

In addition to the hotel, located at 1029 Jasper Avenue, the premises and stock of the Motor Car Supply Company of Canada at 1023 Jasper Avenue, the Corona barber shop, the kitchen and rear of the Rex Hotel and a rooming house next door to the Corona fell victims to the flames. Damage was also done to the Balmoral block and a number of nearby blocks and residences, the total damage being estimated well over \$500,000.

Many members of the Alberta legislature now in session were registered at the hotel, some of whom lost all their personal effects.

Harry Airth, a fireman, well known locally, was injured when a ladder fell as a wall collapsed.

GRAND MASQUERADE DANCE

A Masquerade Dance will be held under the auspices of the Women's Institute on Friday, March 4th, in Kiefer's Hall. Special prizes for Ladies and Gents best fancy costume, also First prizes for Ladies and Gents, best comic.

No one allowed on the floor unless masked until 12 o'clock. The price is moderate, only FIFTY CENTS for the Gentlemen and free lunch provided by the ladies.

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Until further notice I will take in grain to grind any day throughout the week without appointment. You farmers that haven't yet tried the Hammer Mill would do so, this method of grinding is far ahead of the plate grinding. Let us show you. Now is the time to order your new seed drill. Why not get the best, a Massey-Harris.

V. HUTCHINSON, Agent, Irma, Alberta

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One Pure Bred Holstein Bull, 7 months old. Will sell or trade for heifer calves or good milk cow. — W. H. Barton, Box 312, Jarow.

FOR SALE—1929 Chevrolet Truck 1 1/2 ton, good shape, run 6,000 miles. Dray bottom and grain box. — For Cash, \$300.00. — W. H. Barton, Jarow, Alta.

FOR SALE—2000 bushels Reward Wheat grown on breaking—F. C. Wieser, Strawberry Plains.

"Why does that dog sit there and watch me eat all the time?" asked a travelling man in a Vegreville restaurant. You've got the plate he usually eats from, sir," replied the proprietor.

Found In Many Parts Of Canada, Limestone Regarded by Geologists As World's Most Useful Rock

Limestone, which is obtainable in more than 1,500 localities in Canada, much of it of fine quality, is regarded by geologists as the world's most useful rock. It is of immense value to man and to all living creatures in a variety of different ways; in fact, there is scarcely a phase of human life in which limestone does not play a part. Calcium carbonate, or carbonate of lime, the principal constituent of limestone, is absolutely necessary for the growth of human beings and animals. It is obtained from egg-milk, fruit, vegetables and other food products.

To the industrial life of the country limestone is indispensable. The annual production of Canadian quarries, according to the latest available figures is 12 1/2 million tons, which, when made into its primary purpose, has a selling value of about \$3,400,000. This value is exceeded only by that of coal, copper and gold.

Limestone is used in great quantities in the form of crushed stone for highways, railway ballast and concrete aggregate. It is the principal raw material in the manufacture of Portland cement; and also in the manufacture of calcium cyanide and cyanamide, which latter are the bases of many chemical products. The iron and steel industry, as at present constituted, could not exist if limestone were not available to free the iron from its ores. In the production of gold, silver and other metals, lime and limestone play important parts.

Quantities of lime are used in tanning leather. Limestone is indispensable to the pulp and paper industry—every piece of paper is made by its aid. So, too, does the glass industry require limestone for most of its products—particularly for window glass. Limestone is essential to the manufacture of washing soda, baking soda and many other chemicals.

Large quantities are used in the refining of sugar. The uses of lime for plaster, mortar and whitewash are generally known. When limestone is pulverized and mixed with linseed oil it is known as putty. Pulverized limestone is also used in the compounding of rubber for footwear and flooring. It is used in oil cloth and in cold-water paints. Some cigarette papers contain as much as 30 per cent. pulverized limestone. Limestone is a source of carbon dioxide gas which, when compressed into the solid state, forms the refrigerant known as dry-ice, now coming into wide use. A certain type of limestone when melted in a small blast furnace and blown by high-pressure steam into myriads of fibres, yields a fluffy material known as rock wool—one of the most efficient insulating materials on the market.

Many other uses for limestone could be mentioned, but they number hundreds, but one of the most interesting and certainly the most spectacular use of limestone is its use as a building stone. Canadian limestone for building purposes is notably superior.

New Western Fur-Bearer

Felcats Exhibited At Winnipeg At Annual Fitch Show.

The fitch (or pelcat) is now definitely on the list of Canada's domesticated fur-bearers, and Winnipeg is the first city in North America to stage an annual show—the recent exhibition of the Canadian Fitch Breeders' Association being the pioneer event of its kind on the continent. The animal is reported to be a native of Asia and Eastern Russia, but it thrives well in Manitoba, where climatic and other conditions are to its liking. Prize-winning fitch from the Edinburgh Exhibition and from the International Fur Show at the Crystal Palace were on view in Winnipeg.

Experimenters are trying to recover mercury from a hot spring near the California-Nevada Boundary by suspending plates of copper in steam heat that the spring exudes.



"Goodness, I believe my hair is beginning to fall out."—Esquella, Barcelona.

W. N. U. 1930

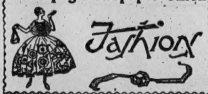
Canada's Part In Great War

No Official History Has Yet Been Published

"The Canadian Legion, of the British Empire Service League, is in daily receipt of inquiries from all over the country as to when Canada's official history of the Great War is to be published," said Major John S. Roper, M.C., K.C., president of the Legion at Ottawa.

Major Roper, commenting upon the publication of battalion war histories, deplored that, beyond one supplementary volume issued by the government several years ago, dealing with the Medical services, nothing had been written on the operations of the Canadian corps. Other countries had published voluminous accounts—notably Great Britain and Australia—but on Canadian achievements in the great struggle Canada continued to preserve absolute silence.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



THIS LITTLE MODEL IS VERY CHARMING

Smart and in the newest feeling is this simple all-day type.

And you can't find anything easier or quicker to fashion.

It has the one-sided rever and the modish insets to give contrast to the sleeves.

The skirt, you will note, has the bias seaming, so entirely eliminating the figure graceful height and youthfulness.

The original carried out the chic idea of black and white in a soft cant crepe.

Sheer woollens are also suitable. Style No. 842 is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 3/4 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

Spring is the most important, the most colorful season in fashions. All the more reason why you should have an authentic guide, such as our new Fashion Magazine, to show you the way in design, colors, etc. Of course, there are styles for afternoons, for stouts, for home wear, lingerie, children, etc.

Price of book 15 cents. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. 842 Size 36-38

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____

Country _____

Send me the pattern for No. 842

Yugo-Slavia may limit its lumber output

First Target of Japanese



British soldiers shown detaining at the railroad station of Woosung Fort, on the outskirts of Shanghai. This fort was the first target of Japanese forces in the move for the occupation of Shanghai. Claiming that they were fired on from the fort, Jap warships shelled the stronghold and silenced it. The British Tommies shown here are defending the international settlement.

Farmers Should Advertise

Sale Of Products Might Be Stimulated By Co-Operative Action

Dr. G. I. Christie, President of the Ontario Agricultural College, who is a close student of agriculture in all its ramifications, and who is in close touch with the farmers all over the province, has provided some food for thought in his suggestion that the sale of farm products might be stimulated by some intelligent advertising.

"If it pays industry to take full page advertisements," says Dr. Christie, "someone should find a way in which newspapers and other advertising mediums can be utilized for the farmers, for it cannot be left to the individual farmer." It is a well recognized fact that co-operative buying and selling among the farmers, fruit growers, etc., has been exceptionally satisfactory, a striking example being the California orange growers. Their policy of co-operation in the marketing of their products, which included advertising on a very large scale, brought results far beyond their expectations, and others have followed in their footsteps. What has been accomplished in California through co-operative effort that utilized to the utmost degree advertising to sell orange juice and oranges can be accomplished by the facilities afforded by newspaper farmers of this province in popularizing the products they have for sale.

This question is large enough and important enough to arrest the attention of every farmer. It must be admitted that one farmer or even any small group of farmers cannot hope to accomplish much in this direction, but Dr. Christie is right when he points out the possibilities of intelligent advertising and farmers' organizations could do worse than investigate the chances that co-operative effort offers as a means of creating greater sales for farm products. —Owen Sound Sun-Times.

Unripe apples were recently exposed to a 1,500-watt electric lamp for five days, and scientists watched the development of the red color on the fruit.

Boom Awaits New Products

Opinion Of Head Of General Motors Research Laboratories

The world is not finished. Its machinery will start again as soon as some one gets out a product which persons with 28 billion dollars in saving deposits in the banks of the United States like better and want more than they do their money.

This is the view of Charles F. Kettering, or Boss Kett, as associates affectionately call the directing head of the General Motors Research Laboratories. He is the man responsible for the development of the self-starter, Elthyl gas, and other great gifts to the motor industry.

Business will shake itself free from stagnation and walk lively again, he said, when it offers for sale new services, new interests, new products—and begins to make up with development for the wasteful eight years given to exploitation.

Framed above Mr. Kettering's office door in the motor-car are these words:

"No one ever would have crossed the ocean if he could have gotten off the ship in the storm."

He doesn't say prosperity is around the corner. He despises platitudes. He does say that in 1929 he was a pessimist—he couldn't get people to see any danger signals. Today he is an optimist, and believes that the water level can be raised if everyone helps.

"I don't know if we want to go back where we were in 1929," he said. "I believe we had better go back to some natural normal place halfway between the abnormal place we were and the abnormal place we are now." He blames "exploitation of the future" for the depression. We were trying, he asserts, to make civilization a life of existence instead of recognizing it as a thing of growing experience and adventure.

It has been stated that the thousands of letters Henry Ford receives go through the pulp mill for conversion to cardboard which is used to wrap the smaller parts of his automobiles.



NERVOUS PUPIL: "Why the rope?" INSTRUCTOR: "Safety First, Sir. If I was to knock you through the window there, it'd be a nasty drop down into the area!"

Suggestion Now Advanced That Western Canada Will Soon Have Reached Wheat Growing Limit

That the prairie provinces are approaching their peak more closely than people suspect their peak point in wheat production and exports, was the feature of an address before the Royal Canadian Institute in Toronto recently by Dr. D. A. MacGibbon, Winnipeg, member of the Board of Grain Commissioners. A possible maximum wheat crop in western Canada of between 670 and 700 million bushels was calculated.

Observing the rise of wheat production in Ontario and Quebec in pioneer days and the decline following this period, Dr. MacGibbon suggested that western Canada will pass through the same phases, production rising to a peak and which, with the passing of the pioneer, will gradually decline to a fairly fixed level.

He pointed out the almost uniform progress in acreage devoted to wheat during the last 25 years, concluding that a study of the facts gave no reason to suppose that the limits of wheat cultivation have yet been reached. In this respect Alberta, Dr. MacGibbon stated, only began to show promise as a wheat producing province in 1910. Saskatchewan produced widely fluctuating volumes from year to year, but with a steady advance in the acreage, while Manitoba in contrast had produced her largest crop of wheat in 1915 and a decline in her acreage in wheat has been under way for six or seven years.

Between 1910 and 1914, the speaker continued, 57 per cent. of the acreage devoted to field crops in Manitoba was planted to wheat while for the five years, 1926 to 1930 inclusive, the percentage shrank to 37 per cent. with an average crop of about 40 million bushels. In contrast to Manitoba a study of the proportion of wheat lands to total land devoted to field crops in the three prairie provinces shows that between 1910 and 1914 the percentage was 57 per cent. devoted to wheat and between 1926 and 1930 the percentage was 63 per cent.

These facts indicate, he continued, that any expansion in wheat acreage must take place in Alberta and Saskatchewan where pioneer settlement is still going forward and where price relationships of wheat to other farm crops have been, at least until recently, out of their normal alignment.

Probable limits of acreage for wheat production in these two provinces and the potential yield were then outlined. Believing it quite correct to assume that there are still vast areas of virgin soil to be taken up, Dr. MacGibbon pointed out that the Saskatchewan Commission on Immigration of 1930 examined the question of available lands and estimated that the remaining area of arable soil in that province could not exceed 12 million acres, and that it would require many years to bring this land under cultivation. Assuming this figure correct and computing from Saskatchewan's record crop of 321 million bushels of wheat in 1928 from 46 million acres of occupied farm land he showed a probable maximum yield of 405 million bushels or 85 million additional from the 12 million acres yet to be added.

Recent occupied farm lands in Alberta amount to 29 million acres. Recent surveys show there is an outside possibility of seven million acres capable of being used for wheat production in the Peace River country. Of this about 60 per cent. it is estimated, can be used for wheat production. Consequently the largest wheat crop in Alberta to date, namely 171 million bushels may, by the same rough methods applied to Saskatchewan, be raised by 40 million bushels, making a total for all the provinces of between 670 and 700 million bushels.

Factors in support of a larger figure than this were outlined by Dr. MacGibbon, among which were the use of fertilizers to increase yields, mechanized farming methods reducing areas needed for feed crops and releasing of land for wheat, price relationship favoring production of other cereals and increasing wheat, and the work of the plant breeder who may produce wheats capable of developing on soils now deemed sub-marginal. On the contrary Manitoba is on the downward trend, large areas in Saskatchewan and Alberta now used for wheat production do not produce wheat of the highest quality, and as these two provinces pass out of the pioneer stage farmers will cease to devote these lands to wheat, but to mixed farming for which they are technically suitable.

After Alberta and Saskatchewan

reach the point of maximum production there will be a considerable decline just as there has been in Manitoba, Ontario, Minnesota and elsewhere. Dr. MacGibbon concluded. Where the volume of production will be stabilized in that event would depend upon at least two factors, the very large areas in each province which were better suited to the production of wheat than any other product and the very high quality of the wheat which is produced in these areas.

Soviet Architects Are Planning Great Palace

Beautiful Cathedral Being Demolished To Make Room For It

More than a thousand architects, including forty foreign experts, are engaged in drawing up plans for the new "Palace of the Soviets," the gigantic auditorium which is to rise on the site of the cathedral of Christ the Redeemer, now rapidly disappearing.

Ten thousand workmen swarm daily over the mammoth white cathedral—Moscow's largest if not its most beautiful—demolishing the building as fast as they can. The cathedral was built in commemoration of the retreat of Napoleon from Moscow. It held, in its prime, ten thousand worshippers. Today ten thousand worshippers are busily removing the last trace of its existence.

Fifteen thousand will find places in the big auditorium. A further six thousand can listen to speeches in the smaller hall, besides there is to be a series of smaller rooms, committee rooms, refreshment rooms and laboratories.

After the general specifications had been completed, a competition was called to enable all architects to submit designs. The competition is still in progress and it is understood highly satisfactory sketches have been received both from Russian and from foreign architects.

The acoustic properties of the main halls are to be in the hands of a group of Americans.

Empire Cabinet

Believe, Move Would Be A Valuable Institution At The Present Time

London newspapers have suggested an Empire cabinet, comprising a representative of each dominion and two or three British statesmen, would be a valuable institution at the present time.

The newspapers reached this conclusion in editorials which discussed the appointment of Rt. Hon. Stanley Melbourne Bruce, assistant treasurer of Australia, as "minister representing the commonwealth" at London, England.

Sir John Marriott, noted constitutional authority, in an interview said he hoped Mr. Bruce would remain a member of the Australian cabinet during his stay in London. He suggested the addition of Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Canadian High Commissioner; Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, Minister of Public Works for New Zealand, and General Jan Christian Smuts, leader of the opposition in the South African House of Assembly, to form the nucleus of a "real Imperial executive."

One Explanation

Teacher: "Why did Joseph's brother put him in the pit?"

Boy: "Because he had on a coat of many colors, sir."

Teacher: "What had that got to do with it?"

Boy: "Please, sir, if he'd had on a dress suit they would have put him in the stalls."

Nearly two tons of copper coins were collected by Cambridge, England, students in a one-day drive for funds for ex-soldiers.

Spain plans an extensive public works and construction program.



Lady: "I would like to see an evening dress that would suit me." Salesman: "So would I, madam."—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.

ECHOES FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE HALLS

(Continued from Front Page.)

had doubled the debt of the province and characterized the premier's speech as a lot of poor excuses. He warned the government that there was a limit to what the people would stand in the way of taxation. He twitted them for their right about face movement in regard to increasing the auto license fees. He wanted to know if the premier's allusion to the Russian plan was meant to infer that Alberta ought to try the Russian system. In his opinion we ought to try a Canadian or a British system first.

"What is the British system," interrupted Hon. Perrin Baker, minister of Education.

"To make revenue and expenditure meet," retorted Mr. Bowlen amid opposition applause and laughter.

"By some other form of taxation," suggested Mr. Baker.

"No, by economy," snapped Mr. Bowlen. And the opposition thundered its approval.

H. H. Dakin, Liberal, Beaver River, also added his voice to the Liberal criticism and in common with other Liberal speakers promised support to the government if they would only get down to business and do some thing that would restore the province to its rightful position.

Conservatives, too, joined in voicing disapproval of the administration. Dr. H. W. McGill, Calgary, declared the government had shown lack of foresight. He urged the revision of the security for frauds act and declared the province was suffering from the paternalistic policies of the administration.

Col. F. C. Jamieson, Edmonton, also took the government severely to task for its lack of economy and its failure to deal with the pressing problems of the day in a constructive fashion.

In reply to the continued criticisms of the government, Hon. O. L. McPherson, minister of public works, was put up. He claimed that they were now being criticized for spending when the opposition had repeatedly urged them to spend more. He chided the Conservative leader for once suggesting they should put through a \$75,000,000 highway program. He claimed the opposition had urged and voted for old age pensions which meant spending more money.

Criticism of the government's highway program and road work, he characterized as petty nothings and political play. He denied suggestions from the Liberal benches that the government could obtain higher royalties and revenue from the natural resources, if they were to be profitably developed.

Chris Pattinson, labor, urged the adoption of some plan to take care of the surplus men in the mining industry, while C. L. Gibbs, labor, urged an annual parliamentary conference of representatives from all groups in the prairie provinces with a view to harmonizing representations to the dominion government.

Hector Lang, Liberal, Medicine Hat, essayed the difficult task of following premier Brownlee and succeeded in holding both the attention of the house and the crowded galleries. He pressed for the establishment of a scheme of teachers pensions in this province, stating that he felt it was a matter that should be given attention by the government at the earliest possible moment.

He reviewed in detail the general conditions in the Medicine Hat constituency, outlining progress, there in the last year. He complimented Hon. O. L. McPherson, minister of public works, on the highways in the district.

A. P. Mitchell, Liberal, Leduc, also congratulated the minister on the fact the road relief work had come at an opportune moment. He hoped there would not have to be a cutting down of school grants.

Regarding co-operation about which so much had been said, he had come to the conclusion that on the Liberal benches it meant "give" and on the government benches "take". He urged that all horse drawn vehicles be compelled to carry lights. He urged that the government re-imburse physicians for attending indigent cases. He thought the government could well give a lead to other provinces in reducing both capital and interest, especially on school lands.

M. J. Conner, U. F. A. Warner, told the house that he wasn't so sure the farmer was any better off since the government passed the debt adjustment act. He declared that in spite of the premier's opposition to a moratorium, there was ample evidence that a good many people in the province were thoroughly dissatisfied with the present state of affairs.

The maiden speech of W. E. Payne, newly elected Conservative member for Red Deer, was a model of brevity and clarity. It was devoted for the most part to an explanation of a variety

of answers to the charge that he had been flirting with the Liberals. Mr. Payne stated that even if that were true, it was a flirtation on a higher plane than that of the premier's flirtation with the communists of Red Deer.

J. Mackintosh put in a strong plea for assistance for the farmers in the drought area setting forth in detail a plan for the establishment of large grazing areas on a community plan.

Ike Goresky, U.F.A., Whitford, delivered an address of a more or less socialistic character while Mr. St. Germain, U.F.A., St. Albert, occupied the house for nearly an hour with a discourse that mainly twitted the opposition for their promises of co-operation while all the time they were doing nothing but criticize.

For the rest, the government has been bombarded with a raft of questions from the Liberal and Conservative benches, most of which will require returns to be brought down.

Of interest to northern constituencies is a resolution proposed by L. A. Groux, Liberal, Grouard and seconded by F. R. Falconer, Liberal, Athabasca, as follows:

Resolved, that in the opinion of this assembly, the provincial lands act and regulations thereunder should be amended so as to provide that any person born in Canada and any person who has been a bona-fide resident of Canada for five years preceding his application and being a British subject shall be entitled to obtain entry for a homestead; and further that the regulations in the lands act re sale of lands be proclaimed and that the regulations stipulate that only alternate quarter sections in each township be subject to sale and provisions be made to include conditions of development; And subject to each applicant submitting proof to the minister that he has means to support himself and family for at least a year.

Since writing the above the debate was brought to a close Thursday night with two fighting speeches by J. Dechene, St. Paul, Liberal, and H. C. Farthing, Conservative, Calgary, following a reply to attacks by Hon. J. F. Lymburn. Their remarks will be reviewed briefly in our next letter.

The days are sure lengthening out but there'll be quite a few evenings yet that you could use to good advantage in fixing up the inside of the house. The Alberta Lumber Co. has a supply of Plaster Board that would make that attic into a real bedroom and the long evenings would not be wasted.

The Wastebasket

Heard at the ladies social: "Does her husband command a good salary?" "He earns a good salary, but she commands it."

"What is the difference between a fort and a fortress?" asked a high school girl of one of the boys in the school library. "I should think a fortress is more difficult to silence," he replied.

Heard at the men's social in Minnesota: "What do you think of prohibition?" "When does it go into effect?"

"Does your papa know that I love you?" asked a Bruce fellow of his Holden girl. "No, papa isn't well, and we have kept it from him," the girl replied.

"MAN, The World's Greatest Egoist"

The most overworked word in the English language is as far as men are concerned, the word "I". Poor little word. On every street corner, at every public meeting, one hears the man use this word. What conceited creatures they are! the worst of it being that they show their egotism in so many different ways.

First, there are the old "die hards"; the men who in running down the younger generation, with its ingenious inventions, seem to take pride in upholding conventions, as time worn as they themselves.

Secondly, is the young man who tries to ape his elders by smoking innumerable cigarettes and carrying a hip-flask. However, they mostly all out grow that stage. Then there is the man who in public is a fawning hypocrite. But watch the same man at home. His smiles are gone, his disposition has vanished. His rightful character is holding full sway.

And last but not least is the man who is continually running down women. Many examples of these bitter tongued males can be found, but I wonder how many of them in their heart believe their own theory. These are the type that when they fall, fall hardest.

Now, summing up all these types, don't all men appear, more or less in this category. Now men, if this article happens to strike home, you had better let it pass, for remember that, it is only the truth that hurts.

"They're Off!"—In Old Quebec



The Eleventh annual Eastern International Dog Sled Derby, crowning event of the 1932 Winter Sport season—is scheduled for February 22-24. For those three days, all eyes turn to Quebec City, where each day the fight between the best dog teams in America over a course of 4000 miles a day is staged. Emil St-Godard, Leonard Seppala, hero of the rush with diphtheria serum, to name a few years back, are among the contenders, of whom last year there were eleven and this year there will likely be even more. In all, the race covers a distance of 123 miles and the finish is in Quebec itself through crowds of thousands of fans, lining the streets and cheering on the victors.

Handsome cash prizes are awarded, but this year interest is much above the usual. St-Godard won the race four times in the last five years, has twice won the Speed Cup and another with this year will give it to him permanently.

Seppala has two legs on the Gold Cup for the best conditioned dog and stands to win it permanently this year. Prizes total \$2,150 with a first prize of \$800; second prize, \$600; third prize, \$300; then \$200, \$100, \$75, \$50 and \$25 in that order. In addition there is the Gold Cup for the best conditioned dog and the Speed Cup awarded to the team making the fastest time for a lap during the three days of racing.

The event winds up with the Dog Derby Costume Ball held at the Chateau Frontenac, the Canadian Pacific's great hotel, on Wednesday, February 24, at which prizes and cups are awarded to the winners.

The picture shows: Upper left, typical huskie, and right, Chateau Frontenac, Quebec. Below, centre, last lap of the race and lower right, Emil St-Godard and his lead dog, Toby.

NOTED EXHIBITION SPECIALIST TAKES CHARGE OF
WORLD'S GRAIN SHOW BUILDING

World's Grain Exhibition and Conference Building

J. O. Turcotte, Canadian Exhibition Commissioner, has arrived in Regina for the purpose of conferring with members of the executive and exhibition committee of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina in 1933. Mr. Turcotte will have charge of the interior decoration of the building specially erected to house the 1932 exhibition and conference.

Recently, Mr. Turcotte returned to Canada from the British Trade Exposition at Buenos Aires, Argentina, where he had complete charge of the Canadian Pavilion. He is expected to remain in Regina for a few days in conference with various officials of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference.

Mr. Turcotte, who is a French-Canadian by birth and a Paris-trained architect, was appointed Canadian Exhibition Commissioner in 1925. For some years prior he had been assistant exhibition commissioner. He was responsible, almost in its entirety, for the Canadian pavilion at the British Empire Exhibition, Wembley, England, 1924-25, and for the Canadian Pavilion at New Zealand in 1924. He was also in charge of the decorative features of the buildings which housed the World's Poultry Congress at Ottawa in 1927, the Canadian pavilion at the Antwerp Exposition in 1930, the Empire Exhibition, Wembley, England, 1924-25, and for the Canadian Pavilion at the Paris Exposition the same year and the Canadian Pavilion at the British Trade Exposition at Buenos Aires last March.

On two occasions Mr. Turcotte has been signally honored. At the opening of the Wembley Exhibition, attended by over 110,000 people, he was one of the speakers. In command, to His Majesty the King and to Antwerp he was also presented with the Legion of Honour, a reward of the highest order.

Mr. Turcotte is a member of the Royal Canadian Architectural Association.



J. O. TURCOTTE

the plans and specifications of the buildings in which Canadian exhibitions are housed. He superintends the construction, designs, educational and commercial exhibit stands and is also responsible for the entire color schemes and decorative features.

Mr. Turcotte is the originator of the style of decoration work in seed samples of which have already been displayed at Regina in the form of the crest of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference. When his services for the decorative work of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference building at Regina were made available to the organization by the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce he saw the opportunity to develop the seed style of interior decoration as being particularly appropriate for the first exclusive world's grain exhibition and conference in history.

This style of interior decoration came as a result of Mr. Turcotte's hobby of mosaic work. If color schemes could be worked out in small pieces of marble, he argued, similar schemes could be evolved from natural Canadian products and for the interior decorative

work of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference he has chosen seeds of various kinds which will permit him to work out the most elaborate decorative features.

English newspapers, in connection with this remarkable feat, described the building, at the time of packing, as the world's greatest jigsaw puzzle.

The above picture lay-out shows the magnificent new building erected on the exhibition grounds at Regina to house the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference in 1932. The cost of the building and decorations is approximately \$250,000. It has an area of 150,000 square feet with an exhibit frontage in excess of one and one-half miles. The building is practically ready to hand over to the National Committee of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference who, in turn, will place it at the disposal of Mr. Turcotte (below) for the purpose of interior decoration.

Mr. Turcotte also established another record in connection with the Buenos Aires Exposition. The Canadian Pavilion was actually built in London, England, and consisted of a wooden building about 80 feet high, 100 yards long and 10 yards wide, made in 35,000 pieces. The pieces were numbered, packed into thousands of cases, the whole weighing about 1,200 tons. They were shipped to Buenos Aires and upon his arrival Mr. Turcotte laid out the work, set the building up, planned and erected the decorative features and had the pavilion ready for the public nearly two weeks before the official date of opening. English newspapers, in commenting upon this remarkable feat, described the building, at the time of packing, as the world's greatest jigsaw puzzle.

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IRMA, :: ALBERTA

LOW WEEK END FAIRS

Montreal, Feb. 15th.—In response to public demand, low week-end round trip fares, which have been offered by the Canadian National, Canadian Pacific and other railway lines in the Dominion since last summer, will remain in force after February 29th, the date originally set for their discontinuance.

In making this announcement, the Canadian Passenger association draws attention to the privileges now in force and of which extension is now to be made. Round trip tickets between any Canadian stations for any week end are offered by the railways at the rate of one and a quarter times the regular single fare. These tickets are good going from Friday noon until Sunday noon and returning until Monday night.

The travelling public will thus be able to continue its week end journeys, which have been so popular during the past year, and it is anticipated that the volume of traffic will be even greater as the spring develops. The popularity of the concession is already assured by the thousands who have availed themselves of it, and its extension will, without doubt, be very welcome.

NEWS FROM BRUCE AND DISTRICT

Nominations on Saturday, for councillors in Iron Creek municipality included for Division five, which contains the town of Bruce, the names of Henry Owens and John Minchaw. Judging from the comment of the man in the street, everyone eligible will be out to vote on the 27th. This is as it should be, for a healthy interest in municipal affairs is the first evidence of good citizenship. Possibly adding to the interest the outcome of the election, is the fact that Henry Owens has just completed his thirteenth term of office on the Iron Creek council and seeks support for re-election.

The Whist Drive of the W. I. on Saturday evening received good support in spite of the cold, eight tables being filled. The hall was decorated in red, white and blue, with green maple leaves adding a contrast of colour. Score cards, exquisitely hand painted with symbols of the game by Bob Rutke, were appreciated.

Mrs. Earle James captured the first prize, a buffet set, and Arch. Lentz broke a three cornered draw between himself, and Messrs. Lord and Laing, taking the gentlemen's prize, fifty-three handsomely decorated cards.

Mrs. Hergott, failing to make first place, was consoled with the consolation award, which she led home after the game, that despair of the family cat, a mechanical mouse. The crowd and bottle-opener that Don Phillips received was small consolation at a time like this. Don is anxious to find out if the gadget works and is looking around for something to practice on. Mrs. Holdsworth and Mrs. Dan Teske had charge of the evening's entertainment.

Four sick cows and a foundered horse was the disastrous result of breaking into a bin of wheat chop at Dudley Haight's one day last week. The cow appears to be on the way to recovery but the horse, which belongs to J. D. McArthur, displays a severe attack of indigestion of doubtful issue.

With regret, we report that Miss Mae McLeod received painful injuries, when the horse she was riding threw her on the pommel of the saddle. Mae was taken to Viking hospital last Friday and is now reported to be on the mend.

Herman Fredericks was a visitor in Edmonton for a few days last week.

Mrs. Ray has been suffering from a severe attack of flu and has been confined to bed for some days, but is now on the way to recovery.

Don Phillips has returned to Bruce and is staying with J. D. McArthur. A party of hockey enthusiasts from Bruce visited Holden Friday night and watched Holden trim Tofted with a score of 5 to 1. The visitors were surprised and gratified at the class displayed by both teams, and commented favorably on the fine sheet of ice and well lighted rink that permitted a fast game. Among the boys who went by car to Holden (over the good road) were R. Davis, Elmer Davis, Jack Clarke, L. C. Hergott, Don and Kenneth Stambaugh and J. W. Stambaugh.

Some of the horses in the neighborhood evidently have been imbibing something more potent than wheat chop. A bay horse that brings Herman Maves to town, displayed more speed than it was known to possess when it started home alone on a recent date. Failing to negotiate a telephone pole successfully, Pagrus left the cutter hung up and surrendered a few minutes later to Joe Heber.

Friday afternoon, a team belonging to R. J. Wilson, took offense at a sheet hung on a clothes line and went away in a hurry, leaving fractions of cutter and harness along the road. Bob got scratched up a bit and had quite a job finding his team.

One local man tells us that he is offering good farm horses, that won't run away, from a dollar a piece up. His name is purposely omitted, but if he profits by good advice, will probably appear shortly among the classified ads.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Dorin, on Thursday, February 18th, a daughter. The little one was baptized on Monday by Rev. E. C. Zacheo.

It has been announced that there will be no German Lutheran service for the next two Sundays. It is expected that regular services will be resumed on March 13th.

It is reported that roads east from Bruce are entirely closed to cars. To the west the highway is in good shape from Bruce to Post Tofted, but doubtful through the Beaver Hills.

Heard on the street: "Where did you get that barking cough?" "Well, I've just been eating hot dogs in the restaurant."

VIKING

Vera Natalie Johns, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Johns, of the Viking district and Mr. Robert Hanson of Edmonton were quietly married in Edmonton on February 15th. They will reside in Edmonton.

Miss Winnifred Ranyon spent the week end in Edmonton as guest of Miss E. Smith.

A. R. MacDougall, travelling passenger agent for the Canadian National Railways, was in town today in connection with the travel and scenic movies sponsored by the company.

Word has been received that a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Poboda, at Calgary, formerly of this place, on February 20th. Emil remarks that he is wearing the second big smile.

W. C. Barrie, branch manager of the National Life Assurance Company, of Edmonton, was a guest at the King Edward hotel the first of the week.

Tickets are being sold for the big Masquerade Ball that is being held on Thursday, March 17th, under the auspices of the Agricultural Society. The admission is fifty cents per person. Get yours today and assist in the work of the society.

Mrs. Duff Gray and Mrs. Robt. J. Adams were joint hostesses last Saturday evening when they entertained at bridge in honor of Mrs. A. E. Walters and Mrs. Stewart. Prizes at bridge were won by Mrs. Graham and Mrs. Clark. The guests of honor were presented with lovely gifts in memory of the occasion. Expressions of regret at the removal of Mrs. Walters and her daughter from Viking were voiced by Mrs. Adams on behalf of the gathering, to which the guests of honor feelingly replied. A delicious luncheon was served.

Mrs. Riley was hostess at three tables of whist on Tuesday evening when Mrs. K. Hilliker and Mrs. Adams won the honors. A delightful luncheon brought a pleasant evening to a close.

Mrs. Geo. Brown entertained at three tables of bridge on Monday evening. Honors were won by Mrs. Goodwin and Mrs. Barker. Delightful refreshments were served.

A jolly surprise party was held on Friday evening, February 19th at the home of Mrs. F. Miller in honor of Miss Genevieve Hennessy, who leaves shortly to enter in training at the Misericordia Hospital, Edmonton.

Four tables of bridge were enjoyed by the younger set, the honors going to Mrs. F. Miller and Mrs. H. Thunell.

After a delicious luncheon the guest of honor, who at one time was decidedly upset, was presented with a lovely handbag with gloves to match as a remembrance from her friends. It was a creamy evening.

R. G. Fullerton, who has been appointed manager of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal to succeed A. T. Richardson, is a native of Belfast, Ireland, though of Scotch parentage. He had six years' banking experience in Scotland before he came to Canada in 1912 to enter the service of the former Bank of British North America. In the fall of that year he came to the West and has been employed in the Prairie provinces ever since. He was manager of the Kelliker, Sask., branch for seven years before taking up his duties in 1929 at Limerick, Sask., from which office he comes to Viking. Mr. Fullerton takes a keen delight from golf and curling.

The first meeting of the Council of the Village of Viking was held on Saturday morning, February 20th, 1932, at 10:30 A.M.

Those present were: H. G. Thunell and N. C. Graham and W. McAthey, Secretary-Treasurer.

Mr. H. M. Hilliker, one of the Councillors was absent from the meeting as he was visiting at Detroit, Mich., and Ontario and it was reported that he would not return to Viking before April 15th.

Moved by N. C. Graham that H. G. Thunell be Mayor of Viking for 1932. Carried.

Moved by H. G. Thunell that W. McAthey be re-appointed Secretary-Treasurer of the Village at a salary of \$350.00 per annum. Cd.

Moved by H. G. Thunell that W. McAthey be appointed Assessor in connection with the office of Secretary-Treasurer for 1932. Cd.

Moved by N. C. Graham that Dr. H. Haworth be re-appointed Medical Health Officer of the Village for 1932 at a salary of \$50.00 per annum. Cd.

Moved by Mr. H. G. Thunell that Messrs McCannell Bros & Co. Chartered Accountants, Edmonton be appointed as Auditors of Village Books for 1932. Cd.

Moved by H. G. Thunell that N. C. Graham be Minister of Public Works of the Village for 1932. Cd.

Moved by N. C. Graham that Mr. H. M. Hilliker be Minister of Public Health for 1932 of Village of Viking. Carried.

Moved by N. C. Graham that Mr. H. G. Thunell be Minister of Finance of the Village for 1932. Cd.

IRMA TIMES

H. W. LOVE, Prop.

A Good Advertising Medium and a Reliable Newspaper on Oil Activities

Farmers report that hens have quit cackling. They claim the hens can find nothing to brag about in the present price of their product.

If the members of the Alberta legislature cut their seasonal indemnity to \$1800.00, they would be getting a mere \$50.00 per day for their six weeks stay at the capital. Tough going in times like these, eh what.

Ten years of peace conferences have produced 300 arbitration treaties and induced sixty-one nations to renounce war as an instrument of policy. The practical results are that the world is now spending on armaments about ten million dollars a day. The British share of this is about two hundred pounds a minute.

Wm. Wrigley, the chewing gum magnate, who died recently, amassed a great fortune, and he attributed his success to advertising. While traveling on a fast train some time ago, a friend asked Wrigley why he continued to spend millions of dollars for advertising. "Your gum is now known all over the world and the people have the habit; why don't you save the millions you are spending on advertising?" asked the friend. Wrigley thought for a moment, then asked: "How fast is this train traveling?" "About 60 miles an hour," replied the friend. "Then why doesn't the railway company remove the engine and let the train travel on its own momentum?" asked Wrigley.—Fergus Falls Journal.

Cost of Living IN CANADA DROPS

Cost of living in Canada has dropped by over 15 per cent. during the past two years, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports. This is the second largest decrease among the leading nations. United States being first with a drop of 16.5 per cent. Germany ranks third with 12.9 per cent. Great Britain fourth with 9.6 per cent. and France fifth with 8.6 per cent. In Canada the chief factor in the reduced cost of living has been the fall in the retail price of food 32.2 per cent.

COST OF LIVING

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MITCHELL GRAIN MAKES BANKRUPTCY ASSIGNMENT

Winnipeg.—Assignment: in bankruptcy was made by the Mitchell Grain Company, this week. Liabilities are stated to be approximately \$85,000.00 and assets are listed at \$100,000, consisting mainly of book debts, but as to the proportion of these collectable it is difficult to make an estimate. The main business of the firm was in grain options, and various creditors in the West have claims totalling about \$45,000. The largest unsecured creditor is the Mitchell Thompson Grain Company, to the amount of \$20,000.

The Trust's Trust Company was named as custodian. Registrations of the Mitchell Grain Company and of the Mitchell Thompson Grain Company were subsequently cancelled by the Winnipeg Grain Exchange.

The inference from the above is that farmers should beware of track buyers unless the companies are known to be absolutely good.

LIQUOR JAGS — FOOD JAGS

Mr. John T. Buckley of the University of Southern California told the International Dental Congress at Philadelphia yesterday that the control of eating is more important than the control of liquor.

It is a fact that the people of this continent cannot learn to eat. Many a pious, paunchy prohibitionist generates more alcohol in his intestines through the abuse of food than has ever passed through the insides of a moderate drinker.

The internal organs of William Jennings Bryan were more familiar with food-ferment alcohol than were those of Champ Clark, who was accused of being a drunkard.

Liquor warns its victims. A man who ruins himself with drink knows what he is doing. But the poor glutton who loads his stomach with unsuitable foods can go into his grave without knowing what is the matter with him.

For every two people killed by liquor jags, ten are killed by food jags. Moderate and intelligent eating is the first law of health and long life.

"Daddy, a boy at school told me I looked just like you," said a local schoolboy on arriving home the other evening. "And what did you do about it?" asked the Dad proudly. "Nothing," he was bigger me," the boy replied.

—for Tourists
for Travelers
VISITING

VANCOUVER
BRITISH COLUMBIA

A new and very modern
Conveniently located
Hotel

Excellent Coffee Shop

320 Rooms; 320 Baths
Single from \$2.50
Double from \$4.00

SPECIAL WEEKLY
AND MONTHLY RATES
E. W. Hudson, Manager
Ideal Location
GEORGIA & HOWE STREETS

**HOTEL
GEORGIA**

CONVENIENT GARAGE ACCOMMODATIONS

—Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels—

HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices.

—ALSO OPERATING—

HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.00; BATHS \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates.

• A DOLLAR'S WORTH

Clip this coupon and mail it with \$1 for a six weeks' trial subscription to

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Massachusetts, U. S. A.

If it you will find the daily good news of the world from its 750 special writers, as well as department devoted to women's and children's interests, music, education, radio, etc. You will be glad to welcome into your home as features an advance of peace and prohibition. And don't miss these our dog and the Sunday and the other features.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, Back Bay Station, Boston, Mass.
Please send me a six weeks' trial subscription. I enclose one dollar (\$1).

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(City) _____ (State) _____

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**Your Needs In
Printing**

WHEN BUSINESS IS QUIET

When there is a quiet time as at present in usual business, a good chance is afforded merchants and others to check up their requirements for the year, place orders and have them completed in readiness for the hurry up periods. This is especially true of your printing and we venture to draw your attention to our well equipped plant.

Our stock of Paper, Envelopes, Cards, Cardboards, and all other items required in this business is complete.

Let Us Supply your

Letterheads	Wedding Invitations
Envelopes	Receipt Books
Billheads	Pamphlets
Statements	Prize Lists
Circulars	Price Lists
Posters	Booklets
Dodgers	Stock Certificates
Window Cards	Auction Sale Bills
Tickets	Assessment Notices
Shipping Tags	Tax Notices
Visiting Cards	Route Cards
Invitation Cards	Counter Check Books

The Viking News

The Home of Good Printing

Telephone 19 Viking

Advertising Stimulates Trade

good

This delicious table syrup is just full of nourishment, and costs little. Try it.

REASON'S GOLDEN SYRUP

The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited, MONTREAL

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

—BY—
MARGARET FIEDLER
Author of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Harriet
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

She laughed and retorted imperiously:

"I'm sure I'm grateful to the big boy who came to the rescue."

There was something quite unconsciously provocative about her as she stood there with one foot poised on the plank, her head thrown back a trifle to meet his glance, and a hint of gentle railing telling the corners of her mouth.

The cave-man woke suddenly in him. He was conscious of an almost irresistible impulse to kiss her in his arms and lips her. But the conventions of the centuries held, and all Jean knew of that swift flare-up of desire in the man beside her was that the grip of his hand on hers suddenly tightened so that the pain of it almost made her cry out.

And because she was not given to regarding every unmarried man she met in the light of a potential lover—as some women are prone to do—and because, perhaps, her thoughts were unconsciously preoccupied by a lean, dark face, rather stern and weary-looking as though from some past discipline of pain, Jean never ascribed that fierce pressure of the hand to its rightful origin, but merely rubbed her bruised fingers surreptitiously and wished ruefully that men were not quite so muscular.

"I'll go with you up to the house," remarked Burke, without any elaboration of "by your leave."

She was privately of the opinion that her leave would have little or nothing to do with the matter. If this exceedingly autocratic and masculine individual had decided to accompany her through the park, accompany her he would, and she might as well make the best of it.

He was extraordinarily unlike his sister, she thought. Where Judith Craig would probably seek to attain her ends in a somewhat stealthy, cat-like fashion, Burke would employ the methods of the club and battering-ram. Of the two, perhaps these last were preferable, since they at least left you knowing what you were up against.

"Will you come in?" asked Jean, pausing as they reached the house. "Though I'm afraid everyone is out."

"So much the better," he replied.

WIFE WAS FAT— No Longer Attractive Lost Husband's Love

The above headlines appeared in a New York newspaper, in connection with a divorce trial that has attracted wide attention.

"She was a beautiful woman," one witness testified, "but she got too fat and is not attractive any more."

Thousands of women are getting fat and losing their beauty—just because they do not know what to do. If you are fat, why not do what thousands of women have done to get rid of pounds of unwanted fat? Take one half a teaspoon of Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast, and keep it up for 30 days. You can help the action of Kruschen by cutting out pastry and fatty meats, and giving light on potatoes, butter, cream and sugar. Then weigh yourself and see how many pounds you have lost.

Now you can laugh at the people who pay hundreds of dollars to lose a few pounds of fat, and you will know that the 6 vitalizing salts of Kruschen have presented you with glorious health.

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at our expense. We have distributed a great many special "GIANT" packets which make it easy for you to prove our claim for yourself. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c package.

This consists of one regular 75c bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about two weeks. Open the trial bottle first, put it on the test, and then, if not entirely convinced that Kruschen does everything that is claimed for it, return the bottle as well as good as new. Take it back. Your druggist will refund the money. You have tried Kruschen and without expense. What could be fairer? Manufactured by Dr. C. G. Kruschen, Ltd., Montreal, Quebec, Canada, 1154 Avenue McPhillips, Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

promptly. "I'd much rather have tea alone with you."

"That's not very polite to the others"—smiling a little. "I thought the Stagle people were old friends of yours?"

"So they are. That's exactly it. I felt the mood of the explorer on this afternoon."

"You're one of the people with a penchant for new acquaintances, then?" she said indifferently, leading the way into the hall, where, in place of the great log fire of chiller days, a bank of growing tulips made a glory of gold and orange and red in the wide hearth.

"No, I'm not," he returned bluntly. "But I've every intention of making your acquaintance right now."

Jean rang the bell and ordered tea. "I think perhaps I might be consulted in the matter," she returned lightly when Baines had left the room. "The settling of questions of that kind is usually considered a woman's prerogative. Supposing"—smiling—"I don't ask you to tea, after all?"

There was a smouldering fire in the glance he bestowed upon her vivid face.

"It wouldn't make a bit of difference—in the long run," he replied deliberately. "If a man makes up his mind he can usually get his own way—over most things."

"You can't force friendship," she said quickly. "It was as though she was defying something that threatened."

Again that queer gleam showed for a moment in his eyes.

"Friendship? No, perhaps not," he conceded.

He said no more and an uncomfortable silence fell between them. Jean was suddenly conscious that it might be possible to be a little afraid of this man. She did not like that side of him—the self-willed, masterful side—of which, almost deliberately, he had just given her a glimpse.

With the appearance of tea the slight sense of tension vanished, and the conversation dropped into more ordinary channels. She discovered that he had travelled considerably and was familiar with many of the places to which, at different times, she had accompanied her father and mother, and over the interchange of recollections the little hint of discord—of challenge, almost—was forgotten.

They were still chatting amicably together half an hour later when Baines returned. The latter's face darkened as he entered the hall and found them together, nor did it lighten when Jean recounted the afternoon's adventure.

"I suppose Miss Peterson has your lodge-keeper's boys to thank for this?" he demanded stormily of Burke.

"I'm afraid that's so," admitted the other.

"If you had any consideration for your neighbours, you'd sack the lot of them," returned Baines sharply. "Or else see that they're kept under proper control. They've given trouble before, but it is a little too much of a good thing when they dare to play practical jokes of that description on a guest of ours."

Jean stared at him in astonishment. She had told the story as rather a good joke and in explanation of Burke's presence, and instead of laughing at her dilemma, Tormarin appeared to be thoroughly angry over the matter.

Burke remained coolly unprovoked. "I can't say I've any quarrel with the young ruffians," he said. "They afforded me a charming afternoon."

"Doubtless," retorted Baines. "But they hardly hit the point. Anybody who heathily—I'll thank you to see that those lads are kept in hand for the future."

Jean glanced across at Burke with some apprehension, half fearing a responsive explosion of wrath on his part, but to her relief he was smiling—a twinkling, mischievous smile that indicated the ugliness of his features.

"I'm afraid I can't truthfully declare I'm sorry, Tormarin," he said good-humouredly. "You wouldn't in my place."

The man was keeping his temper in the face of considerable provocation, and Jean liked him better at that moment than she had done throughout the entire afternoon. Tormarin's own attitude she quite failed to

understand, and after Burke's departure she took him to task for his churlishness.

"It was really absurd of you, Baines," she scolded, half-smiling, half in genuine vexation. "As if Mr. Burke could possibly be held responsible for the actions of a mischievous schoolboy! At least he did all he could to repair the damage; he brought me back, and recovered the missing pair of oars for me. You hadn't the least reason to flare up like that."

Baines listened to her quietly. The anger had died out of his face and his eyes were somewhat sad.

"You're right," he said at last, "absolutely right. But there rarely is any reason for a Tormarin's temper. Do you know—it sounds ridiculous, but its perfectly true—it was all I could do not to knock Burke down."

"My dear Baines, you fill me with alarm! I'd no idea you were such a bloodthirsty individual! But seriously, what had the poor man done to incur your wrath? He's been most helpful."

There was an element of self-mockery in the brief smile which crossed his face.

"Perhaps that was just it. I've rather grown to look upon it as my own particular prerogative to help you out of difficulties."

"Well, naturally I'd rather it had been you," she allowed, twinkling.

"Do you mean that?"—suddenly.

"Of course I do"—lightly. She had failed to notice the eagerness of demand in his quick question. "I'm more used to it! Besides, I believe Mr. Burke rather frightens me. He's a trifle—overwhelming. Still"—shaking her head reprovingly—"I don't think that excuses you. You must have a shocking temper."

He laughed shortly. "Most of the Tormarins have ruined their lives by their temper. I'm no exception to the rule."

Jean's thoughts flew back to the description she had overheard when in London: "A Tormarin in a temper is like a devil with the bit between his teeth."

"Then it's true," escaped her lips. "What's true?"—with some surprise. "That the Tormarins are a vile-tempered lot? Quite. If you want to know more about it, ask my mother. She'll tell you how I came by this white lock of hair—the mark of the beast."

Jean was trying to make the comments of the woman at the hotel and Baines's own confession tally with her recollection of the latter's complete self-control on several occasions when he, or any other man, might have been pardoned for yielding to momentary anger.

"I believe you're exaggerating absurdly," she said at last. "As a matter of fact, I've often been surprised at your self-control, seeing that I know you have a temper concealed about you somewhere. I think that is why your anger this afternoon took me so aback. It seemed unlike you to be so fearfully annoyed over practically nothing at all. I don't believe!"—half smiling—"that really you're anything like as hot-tempered as a Tormarin ought to be—to support the family tradition!"

(To Be Continued.)

Old Boy—"I have had my life insured in your name for £10,000. Now, can I do anything better than that to show my devotion?"

Young Wife—"No dear, not as long as you live."

ACID STOMACH



EXCESS acid is the common cause of indigestion. It results in pain and sourness about two hours after eating. The quick corrective is an alkali which neutralizes acid. The best corrective is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained standard with physicians in the 50 years since its introduction.

One spoonful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia neutralizes instantly many times its volume in acid. Harmless, and tasteless, and yet its action is quick. You will never rely on crude methods, once you learn how quickly this method acts. Be sure to get the genuine.

The ideal dentifrice for clean teeth and healthy gums is Phillips' Dental Magnesia, a superior tooth-paste that safeguards against acid-mouth. (Made in Canada.)

Relief Work Wages

No Intention Of Reducing Wage Standards In British Columbia
British Columbia has no intention of reducing the wage standards of labor in this province by its present unemployment relief measures, Hon. W. B. Irvine, Minister of Public Works, declared in a statement at Victoria, B.C. He declared that as soon as the present acute economic emergency was relieved all government work would be done on the basis of normal wages.

"Meanwhile," he explained, "it should be clearly understood that we are not paying wages in our road camps. We are only giving relief to destitute men. We are giving them good board and lodging, but they are anxious to work in return for this. But they will not do the normal day's work in eight hours. They will be asked to work 120 hours a month, by which they will earn their board and lodging and a cash allowance over and above that of \$7.50 a month."

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaels

LAUGHTER

Laughter? Well, without it Earth indeed would be like a garden without flowers, Just a mockery!

Laughter, how it brightens Dark days where we grope! How it quickens thoughts Full of cheer and hope!

On the lips of lovers Loving long and well Lowly cadences of mirth, Notes of laughter dwell.

And the little children All their sunny days They are brimmed with happiness, Treading laughter's ways.

Like a badge of courage Worn through good and ill Brave hearts meet whatever comes With gay laughter still.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Catarrh Remedy, that it can be used internally with as much success as it can outwardly. Sufferers from catarrh will find that the Oil when used in this direction will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

Garment Manufacturing

Large Percentage Of Men In Canada Favor Ready-To-Wear Clothing

It is certain that a substantial percentage of the men of Canada wear ready-to-wear clothing. For an official report on the men's factory clothing industry for 1930, which has just been issued, discloses that the total value of the output of the 192 establishments engaged in it amounted to \$40,819,423. There were 10,836 persons employed in the industry in the year under review. The industry is concentrated largely in the Province of Quebec, particularly in Montreal. Of the aggregate output 63.5 per cent. was produced in Quebec and 36.9 per cent. of the persons employed resided in that province.

More than half of the value of the entire production was accounted for by men's suits, the amount being \$20,902,820. Overcoats and topcoats came next with a value of \$7,922,227, and trousers next at \$4,860,824. The balance of \$7,133,552 was the cost of a variety of other garments, such as work clothing, mackinaws, wind-breakers, etc.

British Columbia Industries

British Columbia produced an estimated value of \$149,025,054 in the four primary industries in 1931, according to provincial figures. Lumber production, including pulp and paper, accounted for \$51,509,004 of the total; minerals were produced to the value of \$26,567,300; agricultural products amounted to \$55,937,754, and fisheries to \$15,000,000.

Dirigibles For Russia

General Umberto Nobile, Italian commander of the ill-fated expedition to the North Pole, has signed a contract with the Soviet Government to design and construct a fleet of dirigibles over a period of more than three years.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

A natural, lace-like cloth which grows upon trees in the West Indies is used by the native women for dresses.

The center of a glacier moves more rapidly than the sides.

Children's COLDS

Mothers testify that BABY'S OWN TABLETS are invaluable for children's head colds and feverish colds.

"At the first sign of a cold," writes Mrs. Isaac Keller, 4 Shattlesbury Place, Toronto, "or if the children have been out in damp weather, I give Baby's Own Tablets and they are all right again the next day."

Mrs. Albert E. Knowles, R. R. 3, Granton, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets relieve colds so easily—I wouldn't be without them if they cost twice as much."

Mrs. James O'Connor, Godfrey, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are wonderful for children's colds and fever."

DR. WILLIAMS'

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Make and Keep Children Well—As Mothers Know

Men Camouflage Age

Bureau of Statistics Find They Overstate the Mark

It is a myth that women make a mystery of their ages more than do men. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics asserts this is so.

Females who understate their ages do so particularly around the age of 40.

After the age of 60, the males begin to overstate the mark and keep on getting worse and worse. Females after about 60, also overstate, but it is noticeable that they go a little canny on the overstatement.

Eighty-two of the persons recorded as centenarians in that census, 45 women and 37 men were investigated. Three of the women had given their exact age, but none of the men did. Three men understated their age.

So there were 34 males and 42 females who overstated their ages. Three of the men did it royally. One said he was 31 years older than he actually was, another exaggerated by 20 years and the third put 25 years on to his span. Accordingly, if the centenarian, who put 31 years to his age, gave it as 131, he was really just a youngster of one hundred.

The centenarian women who overstated their ages were a little more modest in their claims. The one who exaggerated most did it by only 22 years.

Perfectly Reliable

Lady: "I want to buy a radio on the instalment plan."

Dealer: "Can you give any references?"

Lady: "Yes, indeed. The last dealer we bought one from will be glad to tell you that there wasn't a single scratch on the cabinet when he took it back."

Soft corns and warts are ugly, painful and irritating. Remove them quickly and surely with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

The question that is now puzzling the experts is whether faxes will be worn as long this year as last.

Little Helps For This Week

"I will fear no evil, for Thou art with me."—Psalm xxii. 4.

In Heavenly love abiding,
No change my heart shall fear,
And safe in such confiding,
For nothing changes here.
The storm may roar without me,
My heart may low be laid,
But God is round about me,
And can't be dismayed?

—Anna Laetitia Waring.

Just suppose that we could get rid of all unnecessary and previous terror, just suppose that we could be sure of final victory in every conflict, and final emergence out of every shadow into brightest day; how our hearts would be lightened, how much more bravely we should work and fight, and march forward! This is the courage to which we are entitled, and which we may find in the thought that God is with us everywhere. The course of our journey has been appointed by Him; He knows the way through the darkness.

—Henry Van Dyke.

Acidity Overcome

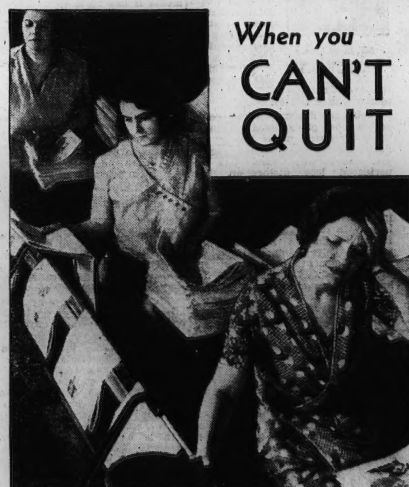
Wonderful Results From Famous Vegetable Pills

Instead of having an acid stomach and being constipated, Mr. Frank C. is well. "I can eat anything since trying Carter's Little Liver Pills," he says. Because they are PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle, effective tonic to both liver and bowels, Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills are without equal for correcting Constipation, Biliousness, Headaches, Poor Complexion and Indigestion. 25c. & 75c. red boxes, everywhere. Ask for Carter's V.E.P.

An Irishman's Way

An Irishman got a job at a railway station. When the first train came in, however, he forgot the name of the station; so he called out: "Here ye are for where ye're going. All in there for here, come out."

Women in France now are found in nearly every professional and commercial undertaking.



A HEADACHE is often the sign of fatigue. When temples throb it's time to rest. If you can't stop work, you can stop the pain. Aspirin will do it, every time. Take two or three tablets, a swallow of water, and carry on—in perfect comfort.

Don't work with nerves on edge or try all day to forget some nagging pain that Aspirin will end in a jiffy! Aspirin can do you no harm; just be sure that it is Aspirin with Bayer on each tablet.

In every package you'll find proven directions for headaches,

colds and sore throat; neuralgia, neuritis, etc. Carry these tablets with you, and be prepared. To block a sudden cold on the street-car; quiet a grumbling tooth at the office; relieve a headache in the theatre; spare you a sleepless night when nerves are "jumping."

And no modern girl needs "time out" for the time of month! Your little box of Aspirin tablets is sure relief for all such pain.

Take Aspirin for any ache or pain, and take enough to end it. It can't harm you. At drug stores everywhere. Made in Canada.

Quality Goods at Special Prices For SATURDAY, FEB. 27th to MARCH 4th

DATES — Fresh Pack The fruit of many different uses.	
2 Lbs., for	21c
WHITE BEANS — Good Cookers. 6 Lbs., for	25c
HARRY'S SAUSAGE — Per Tin	18c
PINK SALMON — Talls. Per Tin	11c
MAPLE LEAF CORN — 2 Tins for	25c
JELLY POWDERS — Paragon 4 Packages for	21c

Irma Trading Co.

E. Lechelt, Manager
Phone No. 30, Irma, Alberta

Advertising Peps Up Business

Better Business Ahead Says Beatty And Canada is Ready to Move Forward

Canadian Pacific President Issues His Annual Review of Economic Conditions and the Outlook for Future Development and Progress in this Country.

BETTER business this year, says E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in his annual review of Canadian business for 1931. A condensed report of the review is as follows:

"Seriously affected by world conditions as Canada may appear to be, there is no country of the same or anything like the same comparative importance in world affairs that is less affected by the conditions that have brought financial disaster to the great nations of Europe and to the United States.

"Economic depression has reached its most pronounced stages in those countries more highly industrialized. Therein lies one of the reasons why Canada has experienced less dislocation than some others, and is in a better position to register a rapid return to normal conditions. Having its economic basis still very largely in the development of raw materials, Canada has less distance to travel along the road to re-establishment, and there are credible reasons for believing we have gone some distance in that direction. Thus we say that to Canada the year 1931 has been one of re-organization and reconstruction.

"The railway situation has moved into recognition as Canada's most imperative domestic problem. Its causes, complexities and possible solution are now being probed by the most competent tribunal the appointment of which at this time was an act of common sense and courage. The Canadian people will present to an interested world renewed evidence of their qualities if they give their confidence to that tribunal and meet its suggested solutions with unflinching confidence and value unclouded by political color or preconceived prejudice.

"The nation, its various communities, many of its institutions and no small number of its individuals have in the past ordered their affairs as though the way to enduring prosperity lay through extravagant expenditure with little or no thought of stability of investment, or profitable return thereon.

"The Canadian Pacific, for instance, has no apologies to offer for any of the more recent important additions and improvements in its services. The 'Empress of Britain', built largely to develop a new class of deluxe American trade for the Canadian route to Europe has justified our best expectations, and up to the end of the world-cruise in April next a reasonably good profit on her operations is assured. The Royal York Hotel at Toronto has also done very well considering existing conditions and the need for such a convenience for the traveling public in that city is just as great now as when the announcement of its building was so enthusiastically hailed. It is as these Canadian developments must ever be predicated. If the original building of the Canadian Pacific had been held up until existing traffic justified its operation Canadian national development would now be decades behind its present position.

"Over the past year railways have been more adversely affected by the general trade contraction than has any other branch of industry. A 22.1 per cent. decrease in the first ten months of the year is symptomatic of these conditions. The fact that we were able to effect a 13.1 per cent. saving in operating costs over the same period is an evidence of the high standard of efficiency at which the railway has been maintained. One direction in which we were not able to make reductions was in that of taxes which will run this year to \$7,500,000. Since its incorporation the company has contributed over \$121,000,000 to Canada's tax collections. Under adverse conditions of which an unusually forced economy on the part of the company was not a small part, the company carried on its service in a manner calculated to retain the confidence of the Canadian people. This is shown by the fact that since September, 1930, the number of its Canadian shareholders has grown from 75,125 to

33,775, an increase of 9,590, bringing Canadian holdings up to over 46 per cent. of the total number of shareholders.

"It was recently a most encouraging experience to me to go through Western Canada and witness the courageous manner in which westerners are facing the situation. Any idea that the West is giving itself up to self-pity on the score that its future as an agricultural country is doomed should be abandoned forthwith. As a whole that country is not doing too badly, and its people are firm in their well justified knowledge that they are going to do as well as ever in the not too distant future. The most seriously affected area comprises but 20 to 25 per cent. of the West, and over the remainder the conditions are at least fair to good. Great encouragement has resulted from advances in wheat prices, and since the statistical position of that grain in world markets is undoubtedly strong, higher prices are reasonably good demand are not unlikely over the coming year. Intelligent interest in improved methods and lower cost of production as well as in the important matter of future diversification of farming is general. The fact that Western Canada has again shown that it can produce the world's best in both grain and live-stock is enough guarantee of that country's future. Eastern Canada has less reason to view its agricultural destiny with confidence. Production and export of live-stock and dairy products have increased and the fruit crops of Ontario and Nova Scotia are meeting with excellent markets abroad.

"An important increase in gold production, some improvement in the demand for lumber, an increase over the year in the volume of tourist traffic, a more satisfactory balance of foreign trade, and later a noticeable betterment in many lines of retail business are most encouraging factors in the general situation.

"He would be a bold man who would make any prophetic statement as to what is going to happen during the coming year. And yet I think any prudent man would not be second sight to justify the assumption that 1932 will, as it is projected, show marked improvement upon its predecessor.

"It is an old saying, of recent years brought much into mind, that one thing greatly to be desired is more business in production and less government in business. The period of economic stress has done much to prove the

truth of that statement than anything else could have done, and I find myself inclined to believe that the number of the Canadian people are accepting that fact as being absolutely true. The course of economic events through which we are passing. Under stress of war necessities it became the government's job to support practically everything economic that was carried on. In many cases supervision became actual operation. The natural result was that people and institutions began to look to government for the inspiration and direction which themselves could have given much better had they carried forward their economic job as usual. The efficiency of which have been proven through ages of stress and strain.

"The success which attended the flotation of the National Service Loan should be as reassuring to Canadians of the sound basis upon which the world's economic stand which has been the world at large. Readiness with which our people were able to absorb the new bond issue established the fact that a surprisingly large amount of Canada's wealth was in liquid form and that the Canadian people had no hesitation in placing it at the country's service. The Canadian dollar has gone considerably below par in most of the world's money markets, an effect of world conditions which carries its own remedy in that it is calculated to encourage a more favorable balance of foreign trade. It has also tended as an inducement to manufacturers from other countries to establish factories within our borders. Since August, 1930, approximately 125 new industries from Great Britain to the United States have been organized or are in the process of organization.

"Ultimate results following upon the recession that we are likely to be far-reaching in their relation to Canadian economic affairs. Important extension of our trade with Great Britain seems assured, and it may be expected that the holding of the forthcoming Imperial Conference in this country will profoundly influence the course of Canadian economic over the next few years. The Empire will be brought to a new realization of what Canada has to offer in the way of natural resources and opportunity for profitable investment, and the country will step once again into the forefront as a land towards which the most desirable class of immigration and settlement should properly flow."

Main Street

Mr. James Pond, Jr., was a visitor in Wainwright last week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cooper on February 23rd, a daughter.

Mr. M. McMillan and P. Larson attended L. O. F. Grand Lodge last week at Calgary.

Miss Violet Edwards of the Bank staff spent the week end with friends in Edmonton.

Mrs. Jas. Fenton is recovering nicely again after quite a severe setback.

Mrs. D. L. Robertson and daughter Arlene are on a visit to the city this week.

Mrs. Nottingham of the Avonlea district died in Edmonton on Monday February 22nd, following an operation.

Are you busy on your costume for the grand masquerade being put on by the Irma Women's Institute, in Kiefer's Hall, Friday, March 4.

The next W. A. meeting is to be held at the home of Mrs. Geo. Higginson, on Tuesday, March 8th at 2.30 P. M.

The Ladies Orange Lodge are planning a chicken supper and dance to be held in Kiefer's Hall, on Friday evening, March 11th.

Mrs. Jas. Miller and infant son returned to their home in Jarrow on Wednesday morning. Mr. Miller continuing to Irma Tuesday evening to accompany them home.

Mr. F. M. Hill returned last Saturday attending the L. O. F. Grand Lodge at Calgary last week. His daughter, Mina, returning with him from Edmonton where she had been visiting her grand parents.

And There

The railroad cannot continue to pay a million dollars a day in taxes; they cannot pay interest on their bonds; they cannot pay their taxes unless they earn the money. In putting the roads in a sound, money-making position we are aiding the whole country, says the Journal (N.Y.) Tribune Times.

Montreal witnessed an unprecedented invasion from Quebec on the first weekend of February, when over 3000 men, women and children, drawn from all ranks and classes, arrived on the three dollar round-trip Canadian Pacific excursion from the Ancient Capital. Four special trains were used.

Seated on a glittering ice throne between two huge natural icebergs, Miss Margaret Stewart, of Edmonton, in her role as Carnival Queen and assisted by Miss Housie Leitch-Governor W. L. Walsh, opened the 10th Annual Banff Winter Sports Carnival at that Canadian Rockies resort this month.

The appointment of W. R. Patterson to be General Auditor, Canadian Pacific Railway, has been announced, effective February 1, over the signature of E. E. Lloyd, Comptroller, in succession to G. C. Gahan, who died recently. Patterson, who was born in Toronto in 1890, is one of the youngest railway executives on the continent.

Plans for a national championship for grouse and woodcock are being made by the New Brunswick Game and Fish Commission. It is considered as the best possible locality for staging the event. Local enthusiasts in the United States recently held a meeting to discuss the championship and were greatly influenced by the advice of Mark Ripley, well known sport writer, who strongly advocated the claims of New Brunswick.

Indication of the contribution made and being made to civilization by the engineering profession was demonstrated at the 46th annual convention of the Engineering Institute of Canada held at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, recently. A very wide variety of subjects were the basis of the speeches and discussions at the convention at which the most outstanding men in the profession were present.

United Church Weekly Message

(From The Viking News)

PRACTICAL PERSONAL CHRISTIANITY

(The Eighth of a Series of Articles by Rev. J. W. Bainbridge M.A., B.D.)
Lesson:—St. Matthew 25 : 31 to 36.
Text:—St. Luke 22:6, & Ma'achi 3:10

One of our leading secular thinkers said quite recently, "If I were a Christian I would make vastly more of Christ than the average Christian does today. He would be my chief topic of conversation; I would give Him first place in my business; I would give Him the most prominent place in my social gatherings; I would even let Him have considerable to do with my sport life. The average Christian never mentions Him except piously at church on a Sunday." When our attention is drawn to it thus the contrast is startling is it not? This brings us right into the heart of our theme, and we ask, What is a Practical Personal Relationship to Jesus? Well, on the one hand, Jesus does not ask for our pious platitudes; He does not want our relationship to Him to end in us frequently saying 'Lord, Lord' in the manner in which the ancients adorned their Kings. On the other hand, He does not want us to flout Him around as an idol or in any self-assertive way. It was once said of Him, "He shall not strive nor cry aloud, neither shall anyone hear His voice in the streets; a bruised reed He shall not break, and smoking flax shall He not quench." He absolutely eschewed publicity and denounced those who chose the most prominent seats. Our Lord's own interpretation of Practical Personal Christianity might be stated thus:—If you would be my practical follower then give Myself, My teachings, and My Mission first place in your life, and make all your activities one continuous service to your fellow men. My brethren, the members of My Kingdom. He illustrated that statement best on that occasion when He performed that menial task of a door servant with the bowl of water and towel, and said "If I your Lord and Master have washed your feet, ye also ought to wash one another's feet." Or, as He says in our text "That is greatest among you let him be as he that doth serve." So then Practical Personal Christianity means in a word — Service. Therefore, I would like us to briefly consider some of the rudiments of Service.

First, in order to serve the Kingdom of God presented by Christ we must be obsessed by His Cause. Just as a business man has to be sold to his business before he can make a success of it, so the Practical Personal Christian must be sold to Christ and His Kingdom. I am confident there is no other way, no other name under Heaven by which men can be saved from sin and saved to effective lasting usefulness than through Jesus Christ. Furthermore, there is no other system which will save us nationally and internationally save that of the threefold system of the Kingdom of God, i.e. The Universal Brotherhood of Man, and the Universal Stewardship of the World's products. When we become absolutely sold to that twofold fact, then we shall do what the prophet in our text suggests, bring all that we are, have, and hope to be, under His direction, and He will make us an unlimited success.

Secondly, we must keep abreast with God in His Service. Milton has well said "Truth is compared in Scripture to a Streaming Fountain; if our waters flow not in perpetual progression they sicken into a muddy pool of conformity and tradition." That is what Jesus meant in the fifth chapter of St. Matthew when He said so repeatedly "It was said by them of old time . . . but I say unto you." Yet there are people today who believe that God made all His revelations in Bible times, and since then has been either away from the world or asleep in regard to it. God is speaking through His present-day prophets just as truly as ever He did, and, as General Booth used to say, only by running at full speed. There are people today spending much of their time trying to unravel what they take to be mysterious prophecies given by God centuries ago, when God is surely most anxious to direct us today in our present activities. I consider a man like James Woods, worth M.P. to be a typical prophet, when seeing the needs of humanity he fearlessly forthtells what ought to be done, even though the authorities temporarily put him in prison for his messages. In the program of the

Kingdom, God is saying to-day as much as ever, "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" May you and I be awake to respond "Here am I, send me." Only through such service can His Kingdom progress. Therefore, we must use the opportunities for service which are at hand. We recall how Moses objected because he had no training or a natural ability for his task. God replied "What is that in thy hand?" It was a shepherd's staff, and that ordinary stick became Moses' practical medium of service. In our respective cases that staff or medium of service may be our own families, our business relationships, or our neighbors. When we become obsessed with the Salvation of Jesus Christ and with the fact that He is operating to-day, why not introduce these facts to those nearest at hand? The question which should appeal to you and me is, what are the opportunities of service already at hand, and are we using them?

Finally we must make Christian Service an End in Itself. In our lesson Jesus says "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these my brethren ye do it to me and because of that you will share with me God's 'Eternal Kingdom.' Service is the method by which we develop character fit for the Eternal God's company. To do service not because it brings rewards, not because it earns praise, but because it is the True Way of Life is an End in Itself, that is a 'service' towards Permanent Character. No one who has ever experienced this is able to stop there. It gives such a thrill of satisfaction that the greatest reward for real service is the chance to do still greater service. Of course, our present system and general circumstances make it necessary for us to receive mercenary remuneration to provide a living, but I believe, in the future development of Kingdom, Service will be the strongest motive of life. Even today the greatest services are a reward in themselves. Moffatt, Livingstone, and Switzer in their sacrificial humanitarian service have their reward in a blossoming civilization extending across the heart of Africa. A Medical Doctor who saves the life of a mother and nine children has his chief reward in the influence of that mother extended for say twenty years on that family. Surely such Service is an end in itself, and will become an increasingly strong motive in life.

There is no greater Joy, Purpose, and Challenge to Life than to bring all we have, are, and hope to be into the Service of the Eternal; to be a wide-awake up-to-date Co-partner with Him, using what we have at our disposal and prepared for any bigger opportunities ahead, in bringing all mankind to experience the Vision of His Kingdom, and to consecrate all they have in bringing about the Will of God done among men. This is Practical Personal Christianity.

PLAN TO PUT BAN ON SCORN ON U.S. MONEY

Enactment of legislation making it illegal for any mortgage company doing business in Canada to demand payment in United States currency was staunchly voted in the legislature on Thursday by A. G. Andrews U.F.A., Sedgewick.

Along the same line, he advocated that machine companies should only be allowed to take security on the actual implement or implements sold and that there should be a revaluation of farm lands according to their productive value.

He claimed that in order for farmers to materially rehabilitate themselves it was necessary to bring about a reduction in interest rates.

Mr. Andrews issued an appeal to the Dominion government to give its decision on the domestic freight rates question, so that Alberta farmers could ship feed grains to British Columbia.

Stabilization of prices of farm products in the home market was another point stressed by Mr. Andrews.

He was also in favor of pupils of grades VII and IX who were not promoted by the teacher having the privilege of writing the departmental examinations and have papers corrected by disinterested persons, provided the parent was willing to pay the necessary fee.

Home Service Bureau
If possible, said Mr. Andrews, he would also have the home service bureau maintained for as long as possible and work provided for every man in place of direct relief. He also went on record as being in favor of an extension of junior club work with a view to retaining boys and girls on the farms.

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